§806b.38

other local government. A system manager proposing a match that could result in an adverse action against a federal employee must meet these requirements of the Privacy Act:

- (a) Prepare a written agreement between participants.
- (1) Secure approval of the Defense Data Integrity Board.
- (2) Publish a matching notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER before matching begins.
- (3) Ensure full investigation and due process.
- (4) Act on the information, as necessary.
- (b) The Privacy Act applies to matching programs that use records from:
- (1) Federal personnel or payroll systems.
- (2) Federal benefit programs where matching:
- (i) Determines federal benefit eligibility,
- (ii) Checks on compliance with benefit program requirements,
- (iii) Recovers improper payments or delinquent debts from current or former beneficiaries.
- (c) Matches used for statistics, pilot programs, law enforcement, tax administration, routine administration, background checks and foreign counterintelligence, and internal matching that won't cause any adverse action are exempt from Privacy Act matching requirements.
- (d) Any activity that expects to participate in a matching program must contact SAF/AAIA immediately. System managers must prepare a notice for publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER with a Routine Use that allows disclosing the information for use in a matching program. Send the proposed system notice to SAF/AAIA. Allow 180 days for processing requests for a new matching program.
- (e) Record subjects must receive prior notice of a match. The best way to do this is to include notice in the Privacy Act Statement on forms used in applying for benefits. Coordinate computer matching statements on forms with SAF/AAIA through the MAJCOM Privacy Act Officer.

Subpart J—Training

§806b.38 Who needs training.

The Privacy Act requires training for all persons involved in the design, development, operation and maintenance of any system of records. Some persons may need more specialized training. They include information managers, supervisors, and individuals working with medical, financial, security, and personnel records.

§806b.39 Training tools.

Helpful aids include:

- (a) AFH 37-1465, 'Privacy Act Training', a self-paced course.
- (b) 'The Privacy Act of 1974,' a 32-minute film developed by the Defense Privacy Office. Consult your local audiovisual library.
- (c) 'A Manager's Overview, What You Need to Know About the Privacy Act'. Contact SAF/AAIA for copies.

NOTE: Formal school training groups that develop or modify blocks of instruction must send the material to SAF/AAIA for coordination.

Subpart K—Privacy Act Reporting

§806b.40 Privacy Act Report (RCS: DD-DA&M(A)1379).

By March 1, of each year, MAJCOM and FOA Privacy Act officers must send SAF/AAIA a report covering the previous calendar year. The report includes:

- (a) Total number of requests granted in whole.
- (b) Total number of requests granted in part.
- (c) Total number of requests denied and the Privacy Act exemptions used.
- (d) Total number of requests for which no record was found.
- (e) Total number of amendment requests granted in whole.
- (f) Total number of amendment requests granted in part.
- (g) Total number of amendment requests wholly denied.
- (h) Specific recommendations for changes to the Act or the Privacy Act Program.

⁵See footnote 1 to section 806b.11, of this part.